



RA-1309-10

First Year B. Pharm. Examination

March / April – 2010

Pharmacognosy - I

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

RA-1309

Instructions :

(1)

नीचे दर्शायेव निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवडी पर अवश्य कपनी. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text" value="F.Y. B. Pharm."/>	<input type="text"/>
Name of the Subject :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text" value="Pharmacognosy - 1"/>	<input type="text"/>
Subject Code No. : <input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="3"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="9"/>	<input type="text"/>
Section No. (1, 2,.....): <input type="text" value="1"/>	
Student's Signature	

- (2) All questions are **compulsory**.
- (3) Draw the figure and chemical structure wherever **necessary**.
- (4) Figures to the **right** indicate full marks.
- (5) Answers to each section be written in **separate** answer books.

- 1 Answer the following questions : 11
  - (a) Define Alkaloids. Discuss their properties, classification and isolation procedure in detail with suitable examples. 6
  - (b) Define Adulteration. Describe different types of adulterants in detail. 5
- 2 Attempt any **three** : 12
  - (a) Differentiate between Siam Benzoin and Sumatra Benzoin.
  - (b) Discuss factors affecting cultivation.
  - (c) What are trichomes? How are they classified?
  - (d) What is induced mutation? Give examples of different mutagens.
- 3 Attempt any **three** : 12
  - (a) Define Pharmacognosy. Discuss about its scope and development.
  - (b) Name and describe extraction/isolation methods for glycosides. Classify cardiac glycosides giving examples.
  - (c) Discuss in detail about hybridization.
  - (d) Defferentiate (any **two**) :
    - (i) Black catechu and pale catechu
    - (ii) Siam Benzoin and Sumatra Benzoin
    - (iii) Chinese Cinnamon and Ceylon Cinnamon.

## RA-1310

### Instructions :

(1)

नीचे दृशावेव निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवडी पर अवश्य लभवी. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
<input type="text" value="F.Y. B. Pharm."/>	<input type="text" value="Student's Signature"/>
Name of the Subject :	
<input type="text" value="Pharmacognosy - 1"/>	
Subject Code No. : <input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="3"/> <input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="0"/>	Section No. (1, 2,.....) : <input type="text" value="2"/>

- (2) All questions are **compulsory**.
- (3) Draw the figure and chemical structure wherever **necessary**.
- (4) Figures to the **right** indicate full marks.
- (5) Answers to each section be written in **separate** answer books.
- 4 Write any **eleven** from the following : 11
- What is vitta? How many vittae are present in fennel?
  - Give chemical structure of Eugenol.
  - Write pharmaceutical applications of agar.
  - Mention therapeutic use of Bentonite.
  - Define : Palisade ratio.
  - Write biological source and use of kaolin.
  - Mention underground modifications of root.
  - What is Hager's test?
  - Write biological source and use of Isapgol.
  - Name different plant growth regulators.
  - Write biological source and chemical constituents of Cinchona bark.
  - Name two pesticides with their chemical structure.
  - Write source and chemical constituents of cod liver oil.
  - Write adulterants of clove.
  - Write the name of glycoside present in Nux vomica.
- 5 Attempt any **three** : 12
- Write a short note on : Umbelliferous fruits
  - Draw a labelled diagram of transverse section of Cinnamon bark.
  - Write a short note on preparation of honey.
  - Write down general characteristics of family Apocynaceae. Describe any one example in detail.
- 6 Write biological source, chemical constituents and uses 12  
of the following drugs : (any **four**)
- Fennel
  - Sandalwood
  - Myrobalan
  - Wool
  - Ginger
  - Cinchona.